

Outdoor sensor with weather and radiated heat shield Humidity / Temperature

Active humidity and temperature sensor for outside applications. The radiation shield protects the outside sensors from rain and radiated heat. With the curved shape and colour of the plates airflow is able to move across the sensors to keep radiated temperatures from rooftops and surrounding surfaces from affecting humidity readings. With Modbus RTU communication and integrated 0...10 V outputs. NEMA 4X / IP65 rated enclosure.

# Technical data sheet

Type



Communication







**Output signal active** 

humidity

**Output signal active** 

temperature

# **Type Overview**

	22UTH-150X	Modbus RTU	05 V, 010 V	05 V, 010 V
Technical data				
Electrical data	Nominal voltage		AC/DC 24 V	
Liecti icai data	Nominal voltage range		AC 1929 V / DC 1535 V	
	Power consumption		4.3 VA	JJ V
	Power consumption DC		2.3 W	
	Electrical connection		Pluggable spring loaded terminal block max. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	
	Cable entry		Cable gland with strai	n relief 2x ø6 mm
Data bus communication	Communication		Modbus RTU	
Functional data	Sensor Technology		Polymer capacitive sensor with stainless steel wire mesh filter	
	Application		Air	
	Voltage output		2 x 05 V, 010 V, min. resistance 10 $k\Omega$	
	Output signal active note		Output 05/10 V with	Jumper adjustable
Measuring data	Measured values		Relative humidity Absolute humidity Dew point Enthalpies Temperature	
	Measuring range h	umidity	Adjustable via Modbu Default setting: 010	
	Measuring range te	emperature	Adjustable via Modbu Default setting: -208 Attention: max. meas	s 80°C [-5175°F]
	Measuring range al	osolute humidity	Adjustable via Modbu Default setting: 080	
	Measuring range e	nthalpy	Adjustable via Modbu Default setting: 085	
	Measuring range d	ew point	Adjustable via Modbu Default setting: -208	S
	Accuracy humidity		±2% between 080%	RH @ 25°C
	Accuracy temperatu	ıre active	±0.3°C @ 25°C [±0.54°	°F @ 77°F]

Long-term stability

±0.3% RH p.a. @ 21°C @ 50% RH

±0.05°C p.a. @ 21°C [±0.09°F p.a. @ 70°F]



	Technical data sheet	22UTH-150X	
Measuring data	Time constant $\tau$ (63%) in the room	Relative humidity: typical 16 s @ 0 m/s Temperature: typical 351 s @ 0 m/s	
Materials	Cable gland	PA6, white	
	Housing	Cover: PC, white Bottom: PC, white Seal: NBR70, black UV resistant	
Safety data	Protection class IEC/EN	III, Safety Extra-Low Voltage (SELV)	
	Power source UL	Class 2 Supply	
	Degree of protection IEC/EN	IP65	
	Degree of protection NEMA/UL	NEMA 4X	
	Enclosure	UL Enclosure Type 4X	
	EU Conformity	CE Marking	
	Certification IEC/EN	IEC/EN 60730-1	
	Quality Standard	ISO 9001	
	Type of action	Type 1	
	Rated impulse voltage supply	0.8 kV	
	Installation method	Independently mounted control	
	Pollution degree	3	
	Ambient humidity	Short-term condensation permitted	
	Ambient temperature	-3550°C [-30122°F]	

## Safety notes



Fluid humidity

Fluid temperature

Operating condition airflow

This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air-conditioning systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application. Unauthorised modifications are prohibited. The product must not be used in relation with any equipment that in case of a failure may threaten humans, animals or assets.

Short-term condensation permitted

-35...50°C [-30...122°F]

max. 12 m/s

Ensure all power is disconnected before installing. Do not connect to live/operating equipment.

Only authorised specialists may carry out installation. All applicable legal or institutional installation regulations must be complied during installation.

The device contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be observed.

#### Remarks

#### General remarks concerning sensors

When using lengthy connection wires (depending on the cross section used) the measuring result might be falsified due to a voltage drop at the common GND-wire (caused by the voltage current and the line resistance). In this case, 2 GND-wires must be wired to the sensor - one for supply voltage and one for the measuring current.

Sensing devices with a transducer should always be operated in the middle of the measuring range to avoid deviations at the measuring end points. The ambient temperature of transducer electronics should be kept constant. The transducers must be operated at a constant supply voltage  $(\pm 0.2 \text{ V})$ . When switching the supply voltage on/off, onsite power surges must be avoided.



## **Technical data sheet**

22UTH-150X

# Build-up of self-heating by electrical dissipative power

Temperature sensors with electronic components always have a dissipative power which affects the temperature measurement of the ambient air. The dissipation in active temperature sensors shows a linear increase with rising operating voltage. The dissipative power should be taken into account when measuring temperature.

In case of a fixed operating voltage ( $\pm 0.2$  V), this is normally done by adding or reducing a constant offset value. As Belimo transducers work with a variable operating voltage, for reasons of production engineering only one operating voltage can be taken into consideration. Transducers 0...10 V / 4...20 mA have a standard setting at an operating voltage of DC 24 V. This means that at this voltage, the expected measuring error of the output signal will be the least. For other operating voltages, the offset error will be increased by a changing power loss of the sensor electronics.

If a readjustment directly at the active sensor should be necessary during later operation, this can be done with the following adjustment methods.

- For sensors with NFC or dongle with the corresponding Belimo app
- For sensors with a trimming potentiometer on the sensor board
- For bus sensors via bus interface with a corresponding software variable

#### Application notice for humidity sensors

The humidity sensor is extremely sensitive. Touching the sensor element or exposing it to aggressive substances like chlorine, ozone, ammonia, hydrogen peroxide or ethanol (i.e. as a cleaning agent) may affect the measurement accuracy.

Long term operation outside the recommended conditions (5...60°C and 20...80% RH) can result in a temporary offset. After returning into the recommended range, this effect disappears.

#### Parts included

**Dowels** 

Screws

Cable Gland with strain relief ø6...8 mm

## Accessories

Optional accessories	Description	Туре
	Replacement filter sensor probe tip, wire mesh, Stainless steel	A-22D-A06
Tools	Description	Туре
	Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App	Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App
	Bluetooth dongle for Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App * Bluetooth dongle A-22G-A05	A-22G-A05
	Certified and available in North America, European Union, EFTA State	es and UK.



## Service

#### **Tools connection**

This sensor can be operated and parametrised using the Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App.

When using the Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App, the bluetooth dongle is required to enable communication between the app and the Belimo sensor.

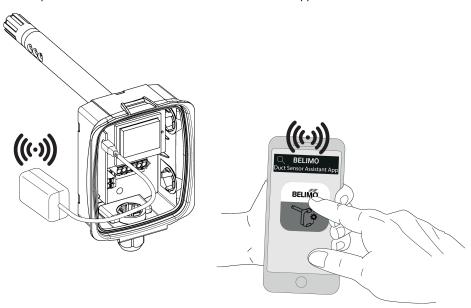
For the standard operation and parametrisation of the sensor the bluetooth dongle and the Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App are not needed. The sensor will arrive pre-configured with the factory default settings shown above.

#### Requirement:

- Bluetooth dongle (Belimo Part No: A-22G-A05)
- Bluetooth-capable smartphone
- Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App (Google Play & Apple App Store)

#### Procedure:

- Plug the Bluetooth dongle into the sensor via the Micro-USB connector or by means of the interface PCB
- Connect Bluetooth-capable smartphone with Bluetooth dongle
- Select parametrisation in the Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App



## Wiring diagram

Notes

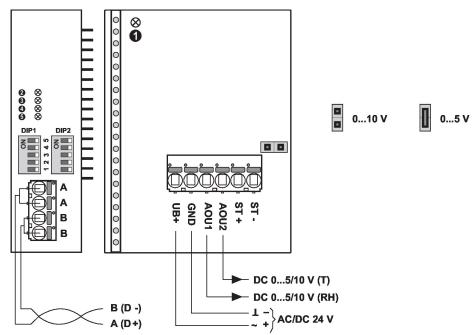
Supply from isolating transformer.



The wiring of Modbus RTU (RS-485) is to be carried out in accordance with applicable regulations (www.modbus.org). The device has switchable resistors for bus termination.

Modbus-GND: Supply and communication are not galvanically isolated. Connect earth signal of the devices with one another.





① and ③: Status LED ② red: Error ③ yellow: Tx ④ yellow: Rx

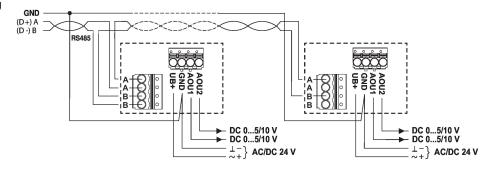
Connectors ST+ / ST- are only used for sensor types which additionally have a passive resistance sensor element for temperature measurement.

The adjustment of the measuring ranges is made by changing the bonding jumpers. The output value in the new measuring range is available after 2 seconds.

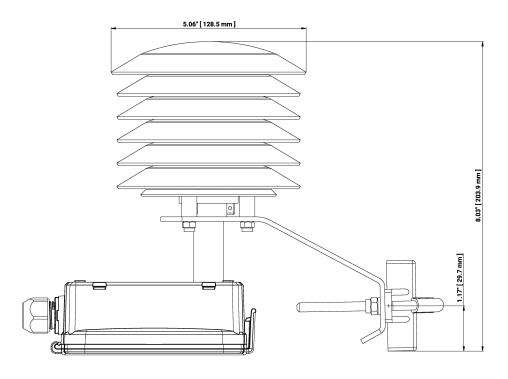
**Detailed documentation** 

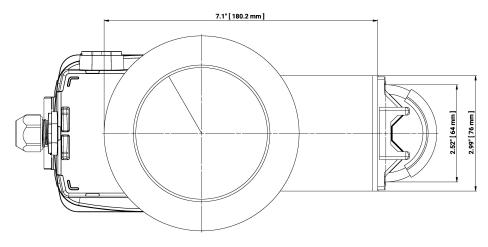
The separate document Sensor Modbus-Register informs about Modbus register, addressing, parity and bus termination (DIP1: address, DIP2: baud rate, parity, bus termination)

#### Wiring RS-485 Modbus RTU



# **Dimensions**





Туре	Weight
22UTH-150X	0.67 kg

## **Further documentation**

- Modbus Interface description
- Installation instructions