

Duct sensor CO₂ / Humidity / Temperature

For measuring CO₂, with integrated temperature and humidity sensor. Dual channel CO₂ technology. With Modbus RTU communication and integrated 0...10 V outputs. IP65 / NEMA 4X rated enclosure.


Type Overview

Type	Communication	Output signal active CO ₂	Output signal active temperature
22DTM-15	Modbus RTU	0...5 V, 0...10 V	0...5 V, 0...10 V

Technical data

Electrical data	Nominal voltage	AC/DC 24 V
	Nominal voltage range	AC 19...29 V / DC 15...35 V
	Power consumption AC	4.3 VA
	Power consumption DC	2.3 W
	Electrical connection	Pluggable spring loaded terminal block max. 2.5 mm ²
	Cable entry	Cable gland with strain relief 2x ø6 mm
Data bus communication	Communication	Modbus RTU
	Number of nodes	Modbus see interface description
Functional data	Sensor Technology	CO ₂ : NDIR (non dispersive infrared) dual channel Relative humidity: with stainless steel wire mesh filter
	Application	Air
	Voltage output	2 x 0...5 V, 0...10 V, min. resistance 10 kΩ
	Output signal active note	Output 0...5/10 V with Jumper adjustable
	Measuring data	Measured values
	Measuring range CO ₂	Default setting: 0...2000 ppm With A-22G-A05: 0...5000 ppm
	Measuring range humidity	Adjustable via Modbus Default setting: 0...100% RH
	Measuring range temperature	Adjustable via Modbus 0...50°C [32...122°F] (default setting) Attention: max. measuring temperature is restricted by max. fluid temperature (see Safety data)

Technical data

Measuring data	Measuring range absolute humidity	Adjustable via Modbus Default setting: 0...50 g/m ³
	Measuring range enthalpy	Adjustable via Modbus Default setting: 0...85 kJ/kg
	Measuring range dew point	Adjustable via Modbus Default setting: 0...50°C [-30...120°F]
	Accuracy CO ₂	±(50 ppm + 3% of measured value)
	Accuracy humidity	±2% between 0...80% RH @ 25°C
	Accuracy temperature active	±0.3°C @ 25°C [±0.54°F @ 77°F]
	Calibration	Self-calibration, Dual Channel
	Long-term stability	±50 ppm p.a. ±0.3% RH p.a. @ 21°C @ 50% RH ±0.05°C p.a. @ 21°C [±0.09°F p.a. @ 70°F]
	Time constant τ (63%) in air duct	CO ₂ : typical 33 s @ 1 m/s Relative humidity: typical 10 s @ 3 m/s Temperature: typical 125 s @ 3 m/s
	Materials	Cable gland
Housing		Cover: PC, orange Bottom: PC, orange Seal: NBR70, black UV resistant
Probe material		PA6, black
Safety data	Protection class IEC/EN	III, Safety Extra-Low Voltage (SELV)
	Power source UL	Class 2 Supply
	Degree of protection IEC/EN	IP65
	Degree of protection NEMA/UL	NEMA 4X
	Enclosure	UL Enclosure Type 4X
	EU Conformity	CE Marking
	Certification IEC/EN	IEC/EN 60730-1
	Quality Standard	ISO 9001
	UL Approval	cULus acc. to UL60730-1A/-2-9/-2-13, CAN/CSA E60730-1/-2-9
	Type of action	Type 1
	Rated impulse voltage supply	0.8 kV
	Installation method	Independently mounted control
	Pollution degree	3
	Ambient humidity	Max. 95% RH, non-condensing
	Ambient temperature	0...50°C [32...122°F]
	Fluid humidity	Max. 95% RH, non-condensing
	Fluid temperature	0...50°C [32...122°F]
	Operating condition airflow	min. 0.3 m/s max. 12 m/s

Safety notes



This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air-conditioning systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application. Unauthorised modifications are prohibited. The product must not be used in relation with any equipment that in case of a failure may threaten humans, animals or assets.

Ensure all power is disconnected before installing. Do not connect to live/operating equipment.

Only authorised specialists may carry out installation. All applicable legal or institutional installation regulations must be complied with during installation.

The device contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be observed.

Remarks

General remarks concerning sensors Sensing devices with a transducer should always be operated in the middle of the measuring range to avoid deviations at the measuring end points. The ambient temperature of transducer electronics should be kept constant. The transducers must be operated at a constant supply voltage (± 0.2 V). When switching the supply voltage on/off, onsite power surges must be avoided.

Build-up of self-heating by electrical dissipative power Temperature sensors with electronic components always have a dissipative power which affects the temperature measurement of the ambient air. The dissipation in active temperature sensors shows a linear increase with rising operating voltage. The dissipative power should be taken into account when measuring temperature.

In case of a fixed operating voltage (± 0.2 V), this is normally done by adding or reducing a constant offset value. As Belimo transducers work with a variable operating voltage, for reasons of production engineering only one operating voltage can be taken into consideration.

Transducers 0...10 V / 4...20 mA have a standard setting at an operating voltage of DC 24 V. This means that at this voltage, the expected measuring error of the output signal will be the least. For other operating voltages, the offset error will be increased by a changing power loss of the sensor electronics.

If a readjustment directly at the active sensor should be necessary during later operation, this can be done with the following adjustment methods.

- For sensors with NFC or dongle with the corresponding Belimo app
- For sensors with a trimming potentiometer on the sensor board
- For bus sensors via bus interface with a corresponding software variable

Application notice for humidity sensors The humidity sensor is extremely sensitive. Touching the sensor element or exposing it to aggressive substances like chlorine, ozone, ammonia, hydrogen peroxide or ethanol (i.e. as a cleaning agent) may affect the measurement accuracy.

Long term operation outside the recommended conditions (5...50°C and 20...80% RH) can result in a temporary offset. After returning into the recommended range, this effect disappears.

Information self-calibration feature CO₂ All CO₂ sensors are subject to drift caused by the aging process of the components, resulting in regular re-calibration or replacement of units. However, the dual channel technology integrates automatic self-calibration technology vs. common used ABC-Logic sensors. Dual channel self-calibration technology is ideally suited for applications operating 24/7 hours such as those in hospitals or other commercial applications. Manual calibration is not required.

Parts included

Description	Type
Mounting flange for duct sensor 19.5 mm, up to max. 120°C [248°F], Plastic	A-22D-A35
Cable Gland with strain relief $\varnothing 6...8$ mm	

Accessories

Optional accessories	Description	Type
	Replacement filter sensor probe tip, wire mesh, Stainless steel	A-22D-A06
	Connection adapter flex conduit, M20x1.5, for cable gland 1 x 6 mm, Multipack 10 pcs.	A-22G-A01.1
	Connection adapter flex conduit, M20, for cable gland 2x 6 mm, Multipack 10 pcs.	A-22G-A02.1
	Mounting plate L housing	A-22D-A10
Tools	Description	Type
	Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App	Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App
	Bluetooth dongle for Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App	A-22G-A05
	* Bluetooth dongle A-22G-A05	
	Certified and available in North America, European Union, EFTA States and UK.	

Service

Tools connection This sensor can be operated and parametrised using the Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App. When using the Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App, the bluetooth dongle is required to enable communication between the app and the Belimo sensor.

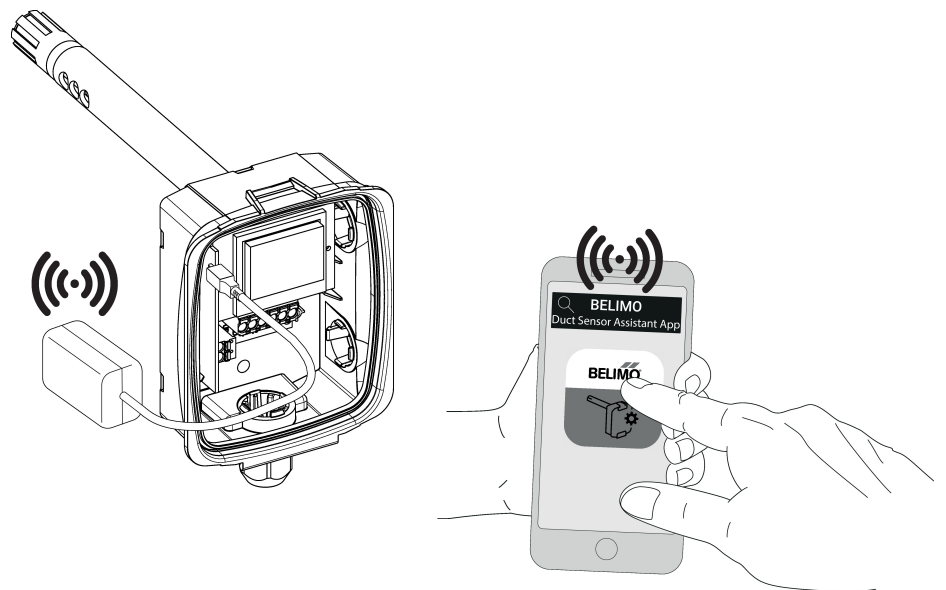
For the standard operation and parametrisation of the sensor the bluetooth dongle and the Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App are not needed. The sensor will arrive pre-configured with the factory default settings shown above.

Requirement:

- Bluetooth dongle (Belimo Part No: A-22G-A05)
- Bluetooth-capable smartphone
- Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App (Google Play & Apple App Store)

Procedure:

- Plug the Bluetooth dongle into the sensor via the Micro-USB connector or by means of the interface PCB
- Connect Bluetooth-capable smartphone with Bluetooth dongle
- Select parametrisation in the Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App



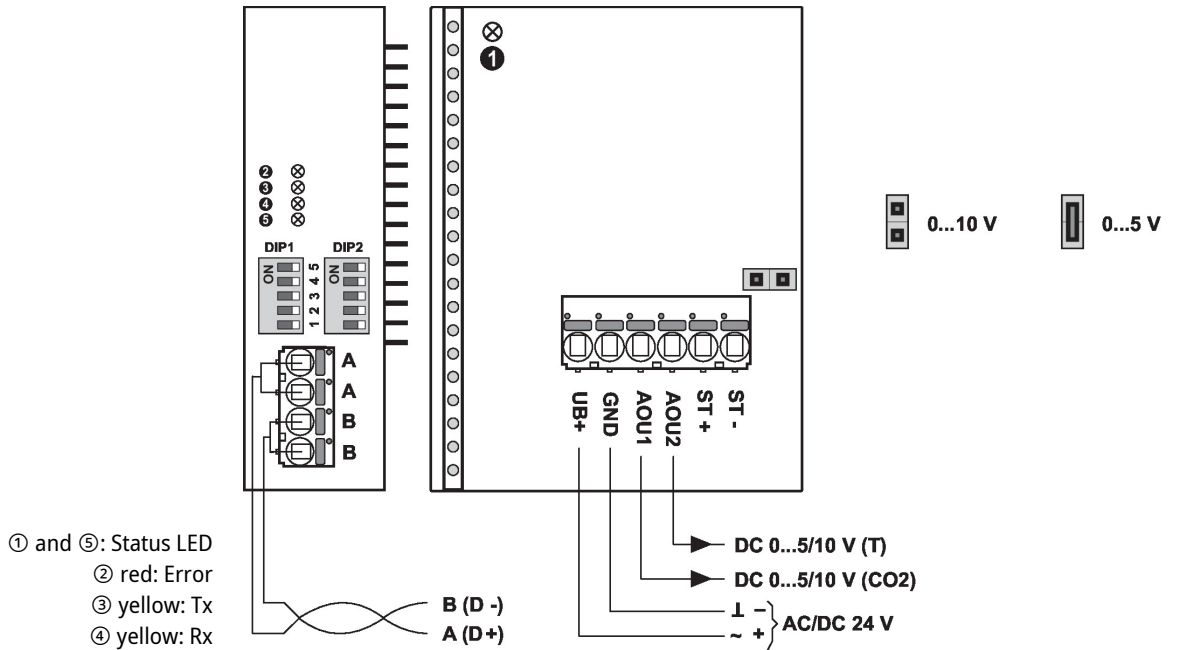
Wiring diagram

Notes Supply from isolating transformer.



The wiring of Modbus RTU (RS-485) is to be carried out in accordance with applicable regulations (www.modbus.org). The device has switchable resistors for bus termination.

Modbus-GND: Supply and communication are not galvanically isolated. Connect earth signal of the devices with one another.

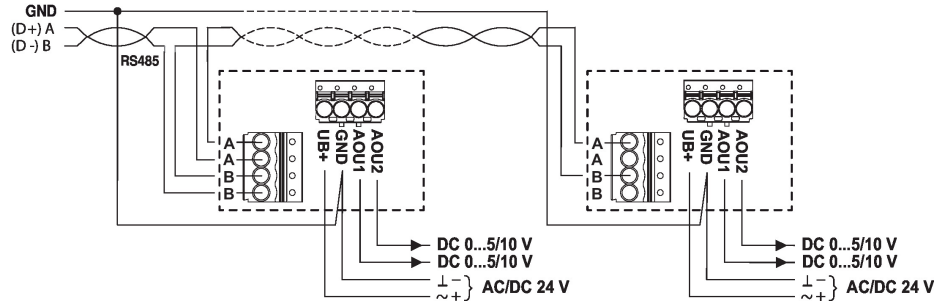


- ① and ⑤: Status LED
- ② red: Error
- ③ yellow: Tx
- ④ yellow: Rx

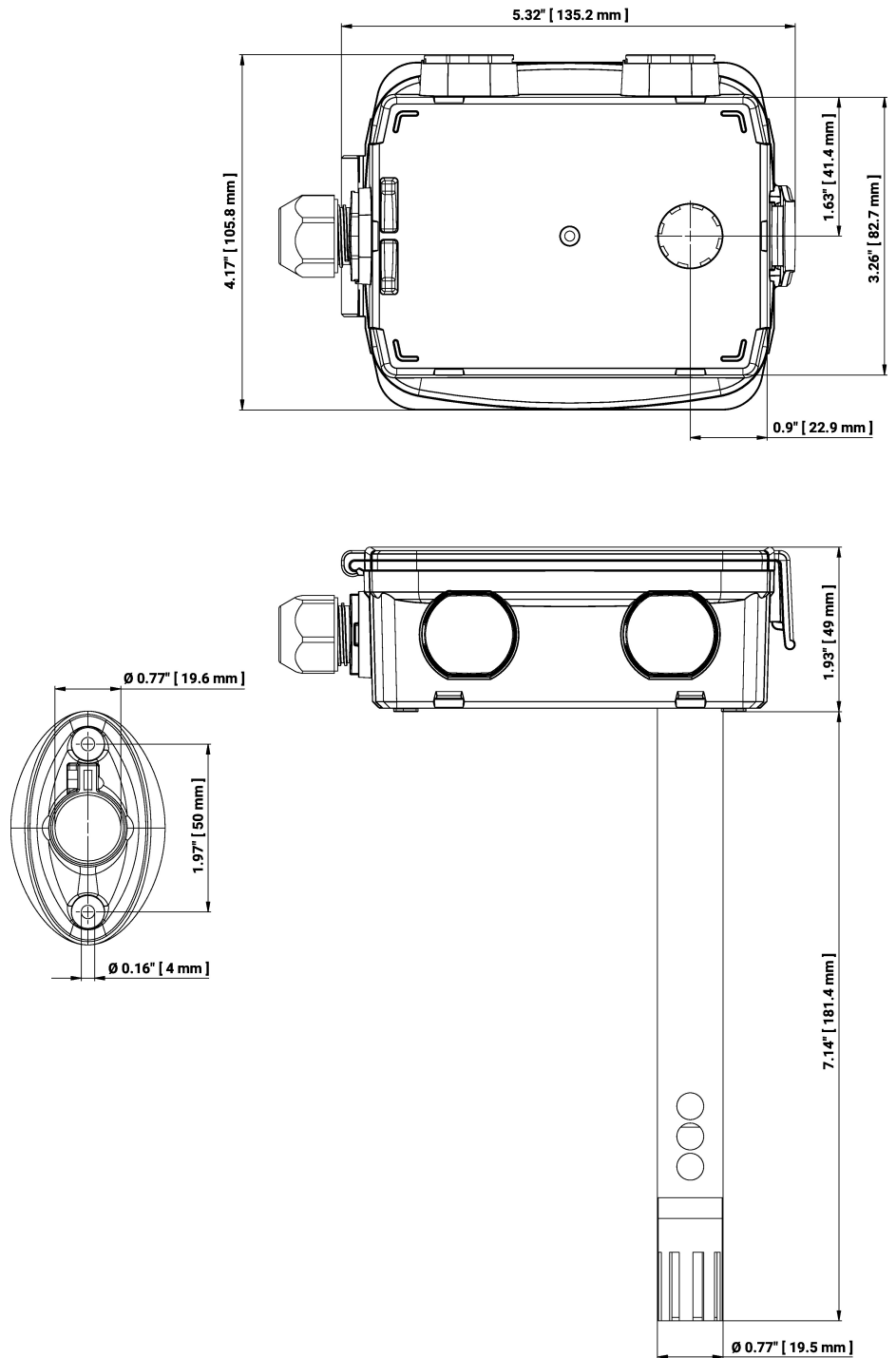
Detailed documentation

The separate document Sensor Modbus-Register informs about Modbus register, addressing, parity and bus termination (DIP1: address, DIP2: baud rate, parity, bus termination)

Wiring RS-485 Modbus RTU



Dimensions



Type	Probe length	Weight
22DTM-15	180 mm	0.28 kg

Further documentation

- Modbus Interface description
- Installation instructions