

Duct sensor Humidity / Temperature

For measuring the relative or absolute humidity and temperature in duct applications. Instead of the humidity signal, the enthalpy or the dewpoint can be selected as an output signal. With Modbus RTU communication and integrated 0...10 V outputs. Nema 4X / IP65 rated enclosure.

Technical data sheet





22DTH-15.



Type Overview

Туре	Communication	Output signal active temperature	Output signal active humidity	Probe length
22DTH-15M	Modbus RTU	05 V, 010 V	05 V, 010 V	140 mm
22DTH-15Q	Modbus RTU	05 V, 010 V	05 V, 010 V	270 mm

Technical data		
Electrical data	Nominal voltage	AC/DC 24 V
	Nominal voltage range	AC 1929 V / DC 1535 V
	Power consumption AC	4.3 VA
	Power consumption DC	2.3 W
	Electrical connection	Pluggable spring loaded terminal block max. 2.5 mm²
	Cable entry	Cable gland with strain relief 2x ø6 mm
Data bus communication	Communication	Modbus RTU
	Number of nodes	Modbus see interface description
Functional data	Sensor Technology	Polymer capacitive sensor with stainless steel wire mesh filter
	Application	Air
	Voltage output	$2x05$ V, 010 V, min. resistance 10 $k\Omega$
	Output signal active note	Output 05/10 V with Jumper adjustable
Measuring data	Measured values	Relative humidity Absolute humidity Dew point Enthalpies Temperature
	Measuring range humidity	Adjustable via Modbus Default setting: 0100% RH
	Measuring range temperature	Adjustable via Modbus Default setting: -2080°C [-5175°F] Attention: max. measuring temperature is restricted by max. fluid temperature (see Safet data)
	Measuring range absolute humidity	Adjustable via Modbus Default setting: 080 g/m³
	Measuring range enthalpy	Adjustable via Modbus Default setting: 085 kJ/kg
	Measuring range dew point	Adjustable via Modbus Default setting: -2080°C [-5175°F]
	Accuracy humidity	±2% between 080% RH @ 25°C



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Measuring data	Accuracy temperature active	±0.3°C @ 25°	°C [±0.54°F @ 77°F]
	Long-term stability	±0.3% RH p.a	a. @ 21°C @ 50% RH
		±0.05°C p.a.	@ 21°C [±0.09°F p.a. @ 70°F]
	Time constant τ (63%) in air duct		nidity: typical 10 s @ 3 m/s
		Temperature	e: typical 125 s @ 3 m/s
Materials	Cable gland	PA6, black	
	Housing	Cover: PC, or	3
		Bottom: PC,	3
		Seal: NBR70, UV resistant	black
		OV Tesistant	
Safety data	Protection class IEC/EN	III, Safety Ex	tra-Low Voltage (SELV)
	Power source UL	Class 2 Supp	ly
	Degree of protection IEC/EN	IP65	
	Degree of protection NEMA/UL	NEMA 4X	
	EU Conformity	CE Marking	
	Certification IEC/EN	IEC/EN 6073	0-1
	Quality Standard	ISO 9001	
	UL Approval	cULus acc. to E60730-1/-2-	UL60730-1A/-2-9/-2-13, CAN/CSA 9
	Type of action	Type 1	
	Rated impulse voltage supply	0.8 kV	
	Installation method	Independent	tly mounted control
	Pollution degree	3	
	Ambient humidity	Max. 95% RF	l, non-condensing
	Ambient temperature	-3550°C [-3	30122°F]
	Fluid humidity	Short-term c	ondensation permitted
	Fluid temperature	-4080°C [-4	0175°F]
	Operating condition airflow	max. 12 m/s	

Safety notes



This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air-conditioning systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application. Unauthorised modifications are prohibited. The product must not be used in relation with any equipment that in case of a failure may threaten humans, animals or assets.

Ensure all power is disconnected before installing. Do not connect to live/operating equipment.

Only authorised specialists may carry out installation. All applicable legal or institutional installation regulations must be complied during installation.

The device contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be observed.

Remarks

General remarks concerning sensors

Sensing devices with a transducer should always be operated in the middle of the measuring range to avoid deviations at the measuring end points. The ambient temperature of transducer electronics should be kept constant. The transducers must be operated at a constant supply voltage (±0.2 V). When switching the supply voltage on/off, onsite power surges must be avoided.

22DTH-15..

Build-up of self-heating by electrical dissipative power

Temperature sensors with electronic components always have a dissipative power which affects the temperature measurement of the ambient air. The dissipation in active temperature sensors shows a linear increase with rising operating voltage. The dissipative power should be taken into account when measuring temperature.

In case of a fixed operating voltage (± 0.2 V), this is normally done by adding or reducing a constant offset value. As Belimo transducers work with a variable operating voltage, for reasons of production engineering only one operating voltage can be taken into consideration. Transducers 0...10 V / 4...20 mA have a standard setting at an operating voltage of DC 24 V. This means that at this voltage, the expected measuring error of the output signal will be the least. For other operating voltages, the offset error will be increased by a changing power loss of the sensor electronics.

If a readjustment directly at the active sensor should be necessary during later operation, this can be done with the following adjustment methods.

- For sensors with NFC or dongle with the corresponding Belimo app
- For sensors with a trimming potentiometer on the sensor board
- For bus sensors via bus interface with a corresponding software variable

Application notice for humidity sensors

The humidity sensor is extremely sensitive. Touching the sensor element or exposing it to aggressive substances like chlorine, ozone, ammonia, hydrogen peroxide or ethanol (i.e. as a cleaning agent) may affect the measurement accuracy.

Long term operation outside the recommended conditions (5...60°C and 20...80% RH) can result in a temporary offset. After returning into the recommended range, this effect disappears.

Parts included

Parts included	Description	Туре	
	Mounting flange for duct sensor 19.5 mm, up to max. 120°C [248°F], Plastic	A-22D-A35	_
	Cable Gland with strain relief ø6 8 mm		

Accessories

Optional accessories	Description	Туре
	Replacement filter sensor probe tip, wire mesh, Stainless steel	A-22D-A06
	Connection adapter flex conduit, M20x1.5, for cable gland 1 x 6 mm, Multipack 10 pcs.	A-22G-A01.1
	Connection adapter flex conduit, M20, for cable gland 2x 6 mm, Multipack 10 pcs.	A-22G-A02.1
	Mounting plate L housing	A-22D-A10
Tools	Description	Туре
	Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App	Belimo Duct
		Sensor Assistant
		Арр
	Bluetooth dongle for Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App	A-22G-A05
	* Bluetooth dongle A-22G-A05	

Certified and available in North America, European Union, EFTA States and UK.



Service

Tools connection

This sensor can be operated and parametrised using the Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App.

When using the Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App, the bluetooth dongle is required to enable communication between the app and the Belimo sensor.

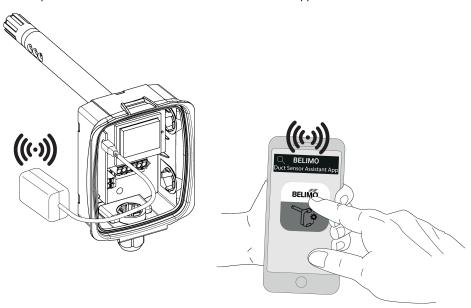
For the standard operation and parametrisation of the sensor the bluetooth dongle and the Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App are not needed. The sensor will arrive pre-configured with the factory default settings shown above.

Requirement:

- Bluetooth dongle (Belimo Part No: A-22G-A05)
- Bluetooth-capable smartphone
- Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App (Google Play & Apple App Store)

Procedure:

- Plug the Bluetooth dongle into the sensor via the Micro-USB connector or by means of the interface PCB
- Connect Bluetooth-capable smartphone with Bluetooth dongle
- Select parametrisation in the Belimo Duct Sensor Assistant App



Wiring diagram

Notes

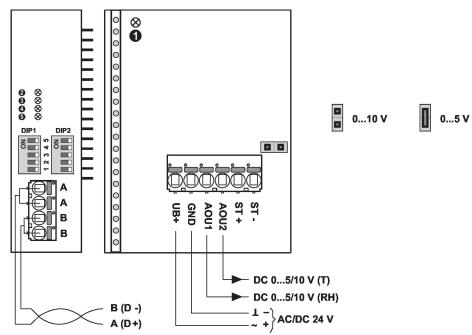
Supply from isolating transformer.



The wiring of Modbus RTU (RS-485) is to be carried out in accordance with applicable regulations (www.modbus.org). The device has switchable resistors for bus termination.

Modbus-GND: Supply and communication are not galvanically isolated. Connect earth signal of the devices with one another.





① and ③: Status LED ② red: Error ③ yellow: Tx ④ yellow: Rx

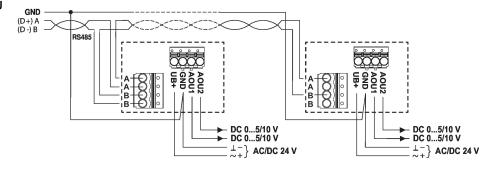
Connectors ST+ / ST- are only used for sensor types which additionally have a passive resistance sensor element for temperature measurement.

The adjustment of the measuring ranges is made by changing the bonding jumpers. The output value in the new measuring range is available after 2 seconds.

Detailed documentation

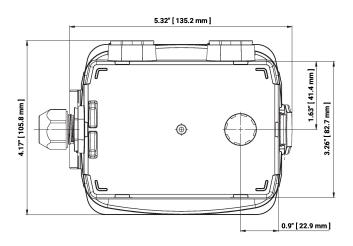
The separate document Sensor Modbus-Register informs about Modbus register, addressing, parity and bus termination (DIP1: address, DIP2: baud rate, parity, bus termination)

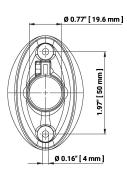
Wiring RS-485 Modbus RTU

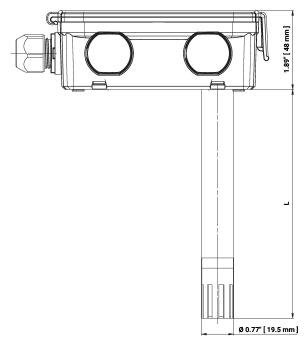




Dimensions







L = Probe length

Туре	Probe length	Weight
22DTH-15M	140 mm	0.26 kg
22DTH-15Q	270 mm	0.30 kg

Further documentation

- Modbus Interface description
- Installation instructions